

2016年1116中国农业银行真题解析

第一部分 综合知识

1.货币市场共同基金是基金中的一种，具有一般的专家理财、分散投资等特点，下列关于货币市场共同基金投资特征说法，不正确的是（ ）。

- A.货币市场共同基金所受到的法规限制相对较少
- B.货币市场共同基金的优点之一是具有存款保险
- C.货币市场共同基金提供一种有限制的存款账户
- D.货币市场基金投资于市场中高质量的证券组合

【答案】B。存款保险针对的是储蓄存款，故B的说法是不正确的。货币市场共同基金首先是基金中的一种，同时，又是专门投资货币市场工具的基金，与一般的基金相比，除了具有一般基金的专家理财、分散投资等特点外，货币市场共同基金还具有如下一些投资特征：货币市场共同基金所受到的法规限制相对较少，故排除A项；货币市场共同基金提供一种有限制的存款账户，故排除C项；货币市场基金投资于货币市场中高质量的证券组合，故排除D项；因此本题应选B项。

2.存款货币银行按法律规定存在中央银行的存款与其吸收存款的比率，叫做（ ）。

- A.法定后背准备金率
- B.法定存款准备金率
- C.法定信用准备金率
- D.法定基础准本金率

【答案】B。存款准备金率是指存款货币银行按法律规定存在中央银行的存款与其吸收存款的比率，故B项正确，排除ACD项，故本题应选B项。

3.在市场经济社会中，股票有四个方面的职能，股民在股票市场可以随时将持有的股票在股市上按比率的价格将股票兑现，该职能属于（ ）。

- A.资本增值
- B.资本转化
- C.资本积聚
- D.资本转让

【答案】D。资本转让：股市为股票的流通转让提供了场所，使股票的发行得以延续，故D项正确；资本增值：现有资产价值减除购入时的价格，所赚取或损失之价值，故排除A

项；资本转化：股市使非资本的货币资金转化为生产资本，它在股票买卖者之间架起了一座桥梁，为非资本的货币向资本的转化提供了必要的条件，故排除 B 项；资本积聚：上市公司通过股票市场发行股票来为公司筹集资本，故排除 C 项；因此本题应选 D 项。

4.影响金融资产价格的变动的因素中，下列关于利率水平的说法，错误的是（ ）。

A.商品价格水平的变动，会引起发行者利润的变化，引起金融资产需求与供给的变化

B.债务工具的利息收益是变动的，当市场利率上升时，债务工具的内在价值将会上升

C.国家经济政策的改变，对金融资产的发行者盈利水平产生变化，从而导致金融资产的价格发生变化

D.当利率水平上升时，利益工具的需求将减少，在供给不变或将会增加的情况下导致权利工具的价格发生变化

【答案】B。债务工具的利息收益是固定的，故 B 的说法是错误的，因此本题应选 B 项。

5.在贸易壁垒中，通常对某一特定的进口原材料设置较低的关税，甚至是零税率，而随着加工深度的提高，相应的提高半成品、制成品的关税税率，此设定关税的方式的标准术语叫做（ ）。

A.关税调整

B.关税升级

C.关税提高

D.关税进阶

【答案】D。在贸易壁垒中，通常对某一特定的进口原材料设置较低的关税，甚至是零税率，而随着加工深度的提高，相应的提高半成品、制成品的关税税率，此设定关税的方式的标准术语叫做关税进阶，故 D 项正确、ABC 错误。所以答案选 D。

6.在完全竞争市场价格给定的条件下，厂商的长期生产中对全部生产要素的调整可以表现为以下方面，而不包括（ ）。

A.对最低的生产规模的选择

B.退出一个行业的决策

C.对最优的生产规模的选择

D.进入一个行业的决策

【答案】A。厂商的长期生产中对全部生产要素的调整可以表现为进入或退出一个行业的决策、对最优的生产规模的选择，故 A 项符合题意、排除 BCD。所以答案选 A。

7.在全球范围内区域经济一体化迅速发展主要依靠三条途径，一般不包括（ ）。

- A.不断深化、升级现有形式
- B.一个经济一体化组织的贸易创造大于贸易转化，其吸引力就较大
- C.扩展现有集团成员
- D.缔结新的区域贸易协议或重新启动沉寂多年的区域经济合作谈判

【答案】B。全球范围内区域经济一体化迅速发展主要依靠三条途径：一是不断深化、升级现有形式；二是扩展现有集团成员；三是缔结新的区域贸易协议或重新启动沉寂多年的区域经济合作谈判。一个经济一体化组织的贸易创造和贸易转化都具有正负效应，很难笼统地判断两者的关系及其对组织发展的影响，故 B 项符合题意、排除 ACD。所以答案选 B。

8.经济学上，通货膨胀率为物价平均水平的上升幅度，通货膨胀率的计算公式是（ ）。

- A.通货膨胀率=（现期物价水平-基期物价水平）/基期物价水平
- B.通货膨胀率=（现期物价水平+基期物价水平）/基期物价水平
- C.通货膨胀率=（现期物价水平-基期物价水平）/标准物价水平
- D.通货膨胀率=（现期物价水平+基期物价水平）/标准物价水平

【答案】A。通货膨胀率=（现期物价水平-基期物价水平）/基期物价水平，故 A 项正确、BCD 错误。所以答案选 A。

9.下列关于成本的基本解释中不正确的是（ ）。

- A.人们的生活消费也称为成本
- B.成本就是某项具体投资项目的总花费
- C.成本是生产某一产品所消耗的全部费用
- D.微观经济学上的成本是指为获取服务而付出的代价

【答案】D。微观经济学上的成本是指为获取产品和服务而付出的代价，故 D 项符合题意；ABC 表述正确，故予以排除。所以答案选 D。

10.快速决策分析与其说是一项具体分析技术，莫如说是一种方法论，快速决策分析法强调对策问题的（ ）。

- A.整体建模和标准化
- B.整体思考和结构化
- C.整体分析和模块化
- D.整体研究和系统化

【答案】B。快速决策分析与其说是一选项具体分析技术，莫如说是一种方法论。它强调对决策问题的整体思考和结构化，注重运用正确的分析过程。它根据需要，循环运用思考、分解、简化、具体论证和反思五个步骤，不断深入决策问题的本质，得出符合实际的结果。B选项正确，ACD选项不符合题意。所以答案选B。

11.群体和个人的决策中，以下关于决策过程的说法，错误的是（ ）。

- A.从决策速度进行比较，个人决策较优越
- B.以创造性程度来定义，共识决策较优越
- C.从消耗的时间分析，共识决策的效率低
- D.从最终决策的接受程度比较，群体决策较优越

【答案】C。决策是指决定的策略或办法，个人决策是由个人的思维和阅历来决定，适合于应对应急突发状况，群体决策或共识决策是指由群体做出，在做决策时考虑到每个人的想法，因此适合于全面综合进行合理性决策，但共识决策的缺点是耗时长、效率低、不能避免少数人的统治、屈从压力、责任不清，故C选项错误；从决策速度方面进行比较，个人决策由于是个人面对突发状况做出的解决方法，因此从速度上讲个人决策较优越，故A选项正确；从创造性程度定义，群体决策或共识决策由于发挥了团队成员的集体智慧，集思广益，因此相对于个人决策，共识决策较优越，故B选项正确；从最终决策的接受程度比较，群体决策由于在做决策时考虑到每个人的想法，因此群体决策较优越，故D选项正确；本题为选错题，所以答案选C。

12.在组织优化的原则中，尽量使每一个管理部门和人员了解自己在组织中处于什么位置，归谁领导，到哪里获取所需要的信息，以及同谁合作等，属于（ ）。

- A.关系尽可能明确
- B.机构尽可能精干
- C.流程尽可能简化
- D.规则尽可能标准

【答案】A。在组织优化原则中，尽量使每一个管理部门和人员了解自己在组织中处于什么位置，归谁领导，到哪里获取所需要的信息，以及同谁合作等，属于关系尽可能明确原则，故A选项正确；机构尽可能精干原则是指保持机构和人员精干，是提高管理组织效率性的前提。人多手杂，往往相互“踢皮球”，甚至“无中生有，无事生非”，故B选项错误；流程尽可能简化是指流程无论多么细致都只是一般性的规定，因此决不是越多越好，而

应该保持在一定限度内，故 C 选项错误；规则尽可能标准不属于组织优化原则内容，故 D 选项错误；所以答案选 A。

13.企业社会责任报告是企业将其履行各种责任的内容，进行系统的梳理和总结，并向利益相关方进行披露的方式，以下关于企业社会责任报告的表述，正确的是：企业社会责任报告是（ ）。

- A.企业财务信息披露的重要载体
- B.企业与利益相关方沟通的桥梁
- C.对成绩进行系统的梳理和总结
- D.向利益相关方进行解释的方式

【答案】B。企业社会责任报告是指企业将其履行社会责任的理念、战略、方式方法，其经营活动对经济、环境、社会等领域造成的直接和间接影响、取得的成绩及不足等信息，进行系统的梳理和总结，并向利益相关方进行披露的方式。企业社会责任报告是企业非财务信息披露的重要载体，是企业与利益相关方沟通的重要桥梁。故 B 选项正确，A 选项错误；企业财务报表是企业财务信息披露的重要载体，对其成绩进行系统的梳理和总结，有利于投资者、债权人和其他有关各方掌握企业的财务状况、经营成果和现金流量情况，故 CD 选项错误，所以答案选 B。

14.某人把 60000 元投资于股票和债券，其中股票的年回报率为 6%，债券的年回报率为 10%，如果这个人一年的总收益为 4200 元，那么他用了（ ）元买债券。

- A.16000
- B.15000
- C.48000
- D.45000

【答案】B。假设用 X 元买股票，Y 元买债券，则 $X+Y=60000$ ， $6\%*X+10\%*Y=4200$ 。则 $X=45000$ ， $Y=15000$ 。故用了 15000 元买债券，故本题应选 B 项。

第二部分 行测

1.环境学家关注保护濒危灭绝动物的高昂费用，提出应通过评估各种濒临灭绝的动物对人类的价值，以决定保留哪些动物。此法实际不可行，因为，预言一种动物未来的价值是不可能的，评价对人类现在作出间接但很重要贡献的动物的价值也是不可能的。

作者的主要观点是（ ）。

- A. 尽管保护所有濒临灭绝的动物是必须的，但在经济上是绝对不可行的
- B. 由于判断动物对人类价值高低的方法并不完善，在此基础上做出的决定并不可靠
- C. 保护没有价值的濒临灭绝的动物比保护有潜在价值的动物更重要
- D. 保护对人类有直接价值的动物远比保护有间接价值的动物重要

【答案】C。这段话作者的意图很明显，反对通过评估来决定保护哪些动物，因为这种方法不可能也不可行。C项把作者的主要意图阐述得较全面。因此，本题应选C项。

2. 在旅游旺季各个旅馆纷纷推出优惠活动，宾馆甲若两人同时入住豪华双人间，每天房费降为450元，宾馆乙推出精品单人间，旺季期间原价300元单间一律打八五折，且注满5天，则免一天房费，若有两人需入住6晚，为减少花费，他们应该住宾馆（ ），共花费（ ）。

- A. 甲，2350
- B. 乙，2225
- C. 甲，2225
- D. 乙，2550

【答案】D。若住甲，共花费 $450 \times 6 = 2700$ 元；若住乙，则花费 $300 \times 0.85 \times 5 \times 2 = 2550$ 。为减少花费，他们应该住宾馆乙，共花费2550元。D选项正确，A、B、C选项错误。故本题应选D。

3.1, 4.4, 16.1, 16.16, 256.1, ()

- A. 256.256
- B. 1.1
- C. 256.1
- D. 1.256

【答案】A。前一项整数与小数部分之积为下一项整数部分；前一项整数与小数部分之商为下一项小数部分，则题干所求应为： $(256 \times 1) \cdot (256/1) = 256.256$ 。A选项正确，B、C、D选项错误。本题故应选A。

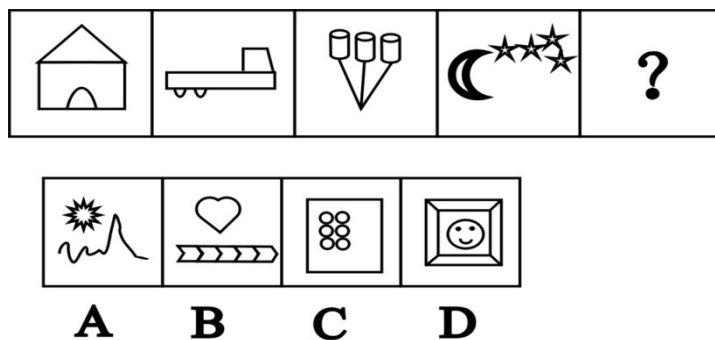
4.2, 4, 10, 28, 82, ()

- A. 130
- B. 192
- C. 96

D.244

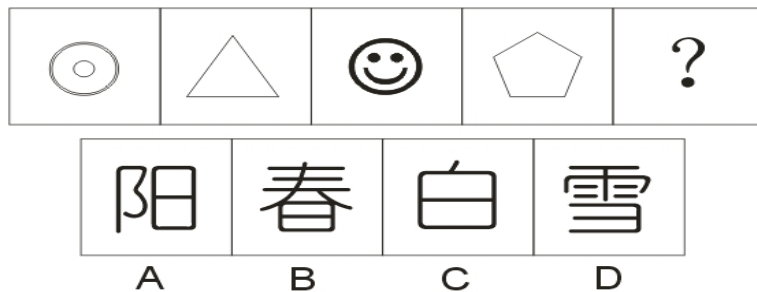
【答案】D。做差得二级数列 2, 6, 18, 54, 是等比数列, 下一项为 $54 \times 3 = 162$, 则原数列下一项为 $82 + 162 = 244$ 。D 选项正确, A、B、C 选项错误。故本题应选 D。

5. 根据以下图形的规律, 问号处应该填入的是 ()。



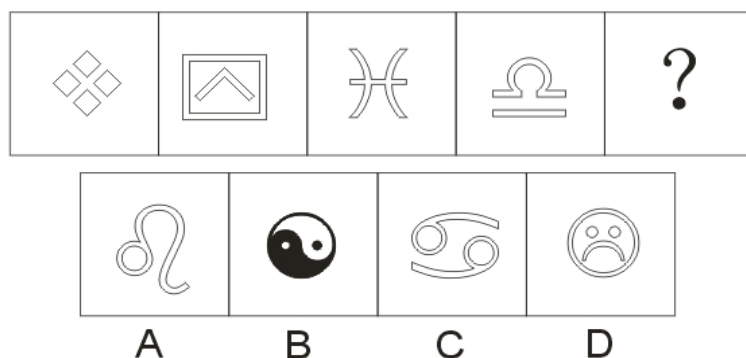
【答案】B。每副图形相同元素的个数呈现 1、2、3、4、5 的数字规律, 故需要选择有 5 个元素相同的图形, 可知选项 B 正确; 其他 ACD 选项都不满足要求, 可排除。故本题应选 B。

6. 从所给的四个选项中, 选择最合适的一个填入问号处, 使之呈现一定的规律性 ()。



【答案】A。数量类。图形数笔画是 2、3、4、5、(6)。所以正确答案选择 A。

7. 从所给的四个选项中, 选择最合适的一个填入问号处, 使之呈现一定的规律性 ()。



【答案】C。样式类。图形间隔出现的是中心对称，轴对称，中心对称，轴对称，所以正确答案选择C。

8.整时营销是追求盛时营利最大化的营销活动，一般指的是追求中长期非近期营利最大化。整时营销强调营销活动不要局限于部分行为时间，而要扩宽时间视野。

根据上述定义，下列属于整时营销的是？（ ）

- A.暑假期间，某商场打折大促销
- B.某服装公司发放打折卡，对部分服装进行打折
- C.某美容公司在开业头三天，施行免费美容体验活动
- D.某公司对存在质量问题的产品，进行降价大甩卖

【答案】C。ABD 三项都没有体现中长期营利最大化，不符合定义的要件，排除。C 项满足定义所有要件。因此，本题选择 C 选项。

9.职务侵占罪是指公司、企业或者其他单位的人员，利用职务上的便利，将本单位财物非法占为己有且数额较大的行为。

根据上述定义，下列哪项属于职务侵占罪？（ ）

- A.某公司员工李某，经常做假账，为公司逃税漏税
- B.某公司董事长的儿子，经常将公司的财物带回家
- C.公交车的乘务人员，在打扫公交车时，捡到了一个钱包，并将其占为己有
- D.王某是公司的采购人员，经常将公司采购的物品，带回家占为己有

【答案】D。A 项中的李某是为公司逃税漏税，并不涉及个人占有，排除。B 项某公司董事长的儿子并不是公司的员工，排除。C 项公交车乘务人员非法占有的是乘客的财物，而不是公司的财物，排除。D 项符合定义的要件。因此，本题选择 D 选项。

10.价值链截取战略，所谓价值链截取战略，就是指企业在任何时期，始终选择行业中最有价值的经营环节，并持续创造价值作为竞争手段，以此来实现企业各个时期的发展或战略目标。

根据上述定义，下列哪项属于价值链截取战略？（ ）

- A.某服装公司在原有实体店的基础上，开辟了网络销售渠道
- B.某电器公司出售了生产线，开始专注自有品牌的研发、设计
- C.某大型超市开始出售自制品牌面包
- D.某企业刚刚引进了多台大型仪器，以提高工作效率

【答案】B。AC 两项都是增多经营环节，并没有截取最有价值的经营环节，所以不属于价值链截取战略，排除。D 项只是提高工作效率，也没有截取最有价值的经营环节，排除。B 项符合定义的要件。因此，本题选择 B 选项。

11.口红效应是指每当经济不景气，人们的消费就会转向购买廉价商品，而口红虽非生活必需品，却兼具廉价和粉饰的作用，能够给消费者带来心理慰藉。

下列符合口红效应的是？（ ）

A.甲公司在每年年终的时候都会给员工包 1 万元的红包，但今年由于效益不好，只给员工包了 5000 元的红包

B.进来公司效益不好，李某卖掉了自己上班使用的轿车，改成骑自行车上班了

C.为了在面试中给主考官留下较好的印象，小王买了一套名牌西装

D.小陈原本打算今年去国外旅游，但是由于公司最近效益不好，所以改成在国内旅游了

【答案】D。A 项不涉及人们的消费，不符合定义要件，排除。B 项中的自行车为生活必需品，不符合定义要件，排除。C 项没有购买廉价商品，不符合定义要件，排除。D 项符合定义要件。因此，本题选择 D 选项。

12.精致：粗糙

A.华丽：衰败

B.简单：朴素

C.热情：冷漠

D.辉煌：堕落

【答案】C。本题考查反义词。精致的反义词是粗糙，A 项华丽和衰败词性不同，不是反义词，排除。B 项简单和朴素为近义词，排除。C 项热情的反义词是冷漠。D 项辉煌和堕落的词性不同，不是反义词，排除。因此，本题选择 C 选项。

13.脚本：戏剧

A.相片：场景

B.戏院：表演

C.地图：城镇

D.乐谱：乐曲

【答案】D。本题考查对应关系。依据脚本拍摄戏剧，依据乐谱弹奏乐曲。因此，本题选择 D 选项。

14.（ ）对于 读者 相当于 售货员 对于（ ）。

- A.出版商 经理
- B.阅读 出售
- C.学生 促销
- D.作家 顾客

【答案】D。本题考查对应关系。作家的服务对象是读者，售货员的服务对象是顾客。因此，本题选择 D 选项。

15.中国要想成为世界大国，就必须拥有雄厚的经济基础；而作为一个世界大国，只有发展实体经济，才能保证雄厚的经济基础；如果忽视高新技术实业经济的发展，则实体经济就不能得到发展。

以下哪项结论可以从题干的断定中推出？（ ）

- A.中国没有成为世界大国，一定是忽略了发展实体经济
- B.中国非常重视高新技术实业的发展，所以中国一定会成为世界大国
- C.近些年来，中国的实体经济发展的非常好，所以中国一定会成为世界大国
- D.中国要想成为世界大国，不可能忽视发展实体经济

【答案】D。本题考查翻译推理。由题干论述可知：世界大国→雄厚经济基础→发展实体经济→重视高新技术实业发展。A 项否前错误，排除。B 项肯后错误，排除。C 项肯后错误，排除。D 项为正确推理形式。因此，本题选择 D 选项。

16.二战期间，某国为了鼓励市民参军，曾贴出了这样一则招募广告：在战场上士兵的死亡率比该国市民的死亡率要低，并且在广告的最后还表明，据统计，该国市民死亡率是每千人有 18 人，而尽管是战时，该国士兵的死亡率也不过每千人只有 12 人。”

以下哪项最能解释上述这种看起来很让人怀疑的结论？（ ）

- A.该国的这种宣传主要是为了鼓动入伍，所以有一定夸张的成分
- B.该国市民中包括很多生存能力较差的婴儿和老人
- C.该国士兵的死亡率比其他战争国家士兵的死亡率低
- D.在战场上多数士兵会受重伤，但是死亡率较低

【答案】B。本题考查解释现象。A 项对题干现象提出了质疑，排除。士兵正处于生存能力最佳状态的年龄段，造成他们死亡的几乎唯一的原因，就是直接死于战争。如果市民具有和士兵相同的生存能力状态，前者的死亡率无疑要低得多。B 项断定该国市民中包括生存能力较差的婴儿和老人，这就抓住了题干进行不恰当比较的实质，解释了题干现象。C、D

两项没有解释为什么该国士兵的死亡率要比市民的死亡率低，排除。因此，本题选择 B 选项。

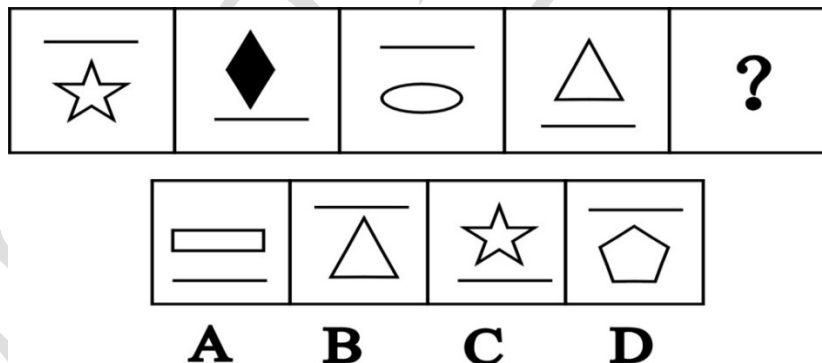
17.乳腺癌是常见的十大恶性肿瘤之一，对女性朋友的健康有着很大的威胁。近期，科学家表明，吃胡萝卜可以大大减少患乳腺癌的危险，而这里起作用的关键因素是在胡萝卜中所含的“胡萝卜素”。因此，经常服用含胡萝卜素的保健品将大大有助于预防乳腺癌。

以下哪项为真，最能削弱上述论断？（ ）

- A.富含胡萝卜素的保健品从研制到试销，才不到一年时间
- B.在导致乳腺癌的各种因素中，遗传因素占了很重要的地位
- C.胡萝卜素只有和胡萝卜中的某些物质化合后才能预防乳腺癌
- D.很多保健品都达不到保健的作用

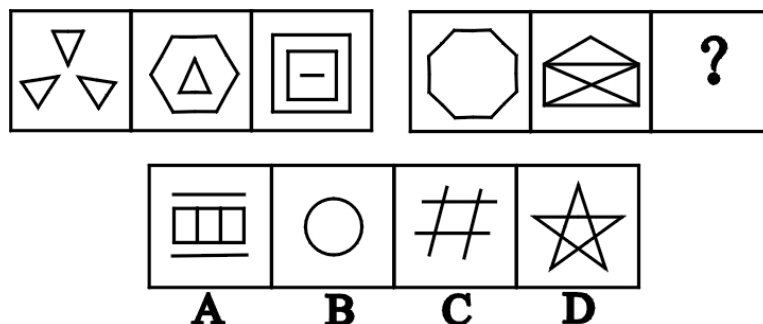
【答案】C。本题考查削弱论证中的切断联系。A 项只是陈述了客观事实，但是没有表明富含胡萝卜素的保健品是否可以预防乳腺癌，无法削弱题干。B 项削弱论据，有一定的削弱作用。C 项切断了论点和论据之间的联系，力度强与 B 项。D 项属于无关项，排除。因此，本题选择 C 选项。

18.按照以下图形的规律，第五项应该是（ ）。



【答案】D。线条和图形是一上一下的位置关系，问号处图形应该在线条下面，而题干中每个图形外观都不同，可知选项 D 正确。选项 AC 图形和线条位置关系不对，可排除；选项 B 的小元素重复，可排除；故本题应选 D。

19.根据以下图形规律，问号处应填入的是（ ）。



【答案】A。第一段图形线条个数都是9条，第二段图形线条个数都是8条，可知选项A正确。选项B曲线图形，可排除；选项C只有4条直线，可排除；选项D是5条直线，可排除；故本题应选A。

20. 已知有8种颜色的小球，数量分别为2.3.4.5.6.7.8.9，现在将它们放进同一个盒子，要（ ）次可以拿到同颜色的球。

- A.7
- B.8
- C.9
- D.10

【答案】C。考虑最不利的情形，即8种颜色的小球各拿了1个，此时若再拿一个，必会拿到相同颜色的小球，共拿8+1=9次。C选项正确，A、B、D选项错误。故本题应选C。

21. $2013 \times 201220122012 - 2012 \times 201320132013 = (\quad)$

- A.-1
- B.-3
- C.1
- D.0

【答案】D。原式

$$= 2013 \times (2012 \times 100000000 + 2012 \times 10000 + 2012) - 2012 \times (2013 \times 100000000 + 2013 \times 10000 + 2013)$$

$$= 2013 \times 2012 \times (100010001) - 2012 \times 2013 \times (100010001)$$

$$= 0$$

D选项正确，A、B、C选项错误。故本题应选D。

22. $9999 \times 2223 + 3333 \times 3334 = (\quad)$

- A.23437629
- B.33330000

C.35367659

D.33339999

【答案】D。原式=

$$3333*6669+3333*3334=3333*10003=3333*10000+3333*3=33330000+9999=33339999。$$

D 选项正确，A、B、C 选项错误。故本题应选 D。

$$23. 1/6+1/30+1/70+1/126+1/198= (\quad)$$

A.5/22

B.2/9

C.10/11

D.11/7

【答案】A。原式=1/4*(2/3+2/15+2/35+2/63+2/99)

$$=1/4*(1-1/3+1/3-1/5+1/5-1/7+1/7-1/9+1/9-1/11)$$

$$=1/4*(1-1/11)$$

$$=1/4*10/11$$

$$=5/22$$

A 选项正确，B、C、D 选项错误。故本题应选 A。

$$24. 2424*2423-2425*2422= (\quad)$$

A.3

B.2

C.1

D.0

【答案】B。原式=2424*2423- (2424+1) *2422=2424-2422=2。B 选项正确，A、C、D 选项错误。故本题应选 B。

$$25. 22*22+23*23+25*25-24*24= (\quad)$$

A.1146

B.1118

C.1062

D.1172

【答案】C。原式=484+529+625-576=1062。C 选项正确，A、B、D 选项错误。故本题应选 C。

26 某企业对客户进行后期服务质量调查，调查共有 3 个问题需要打分，每题可打的分数均为 0、1、2、3、4、5、6、7、8、9、10。有一群客户，他们每人在三个问题上的打分乘积都是 40，并且任意两人各题打分不完全相同，那么这群客户最多有多少人？（ ）

- A.28
- B.26
- C.24
- D.21

【答案】D。打分乘积为 40 的可能有 (1, 4, 10)、(1, 5, 8)、(2, 4, 5)、(2, 2, 10)，前三种分数组合下有 $A(3, 3) = 6$ 中排列方式，(2, 2, 10) 有 3 中排列方式，则共有 $3 \times 6 + 3 = 21$ 种。D 选项正确，A、B、C 选项错误。故本题应选 D。

27. 某单位有员工 100 人，其中 72 人会开车，68 人会游泳，既不会开车又不会游泳的有 20 人，那么该单位既会开车又会游泳的有（ ）人。

- A.52
- B.60
- C.62
- D.64

【答案】B。 $100 = 72 + 68 + 20 - \text{既会开车又会游泳的人数}$ ，解得既会开车又会游泳的人数为 60 人。B 选项正确，A、C、D 选项错误。故本题应选 B。

28. 甲乙两人分别从 AB 两地出发到 C 地，已知他们的速度比是 4: 3，到达 C 地所用时间的比是 5:4，那么 AC 和 BC 两地之间的距离比是（ ）。

- A.5:4
- B.5:3
- C.4:3
- D.3:5

【答案】B。速度比 4:3，时间比 5:4，则路程比为 $4 \times 5 : 3 \times 4 = 20 : 12 = 5 : 3$ 。B 选项正确，A、C、D 选项错误。故本题应选 B。

29. 某消费公司拟在某区的黄金时段投放电视广告，经调查发现，当地观众仅收看三档电视节目，这三档电视节目的收视率彼此相等，且观众不重叠，其中，节目 A 的女性观众比例和节目 B 男性观众比例相等，而收看节目 C 的女性观众占当地全部女性电视观众的 40%，那么，男性观众的比例大约是（ ）。

A.7/15

B.8/15

C.3/5

D.2/5

【答案】B。设总人数为30人，则三档节目的观看人数分别为10，10，10人。收看节目A，节目B的男女都是5人。收看节目C的女性4人，男性6人，男性观众的比例= $(5+5+6)/30=8/15$ 。B选项正确，A、C、D选项错误。故本题应选B。

30 修建新铁路后，A、B两城间火车的运行速度由150千米/小时，提升到250千米/小时，行车时间因此缩短了48分钟，则A、B两城间的距离是（ ）

A.400千米

B.200千米

C.500千米

D.300千米

【答案】D。火车速度比为3:5，故提速前后时间比为5:3，缩短2份为48分钟，故1份为24分钟，3份为72分钟，即提速后火车行驶时间为72分钟，两城距离= $250 \times 72/60=300$ 千米。D选项正确，A、B、C选项错误。故本题应选D。

31 某工厂1到5月完成的任务量是全年计划的 $3/8$ ，6月完成的任务量是300个，统计结果显示，截至6月底已经完成了全年计划的 $5/12$ ，那么，下半年平均每月要完成多少个任务才能完成全年计划？（ ）

A.900

B.800

C.700

D.600

【答案】C。由题意得，6月份完成全年计划的 $5/12-3/8=1/24$ 。则全年计划为 $300/(1/24)=7200$ 个。下半年平均每月需完成个数= $7200 \times (1-5/12) \times (1/6)=700$ 。C选项正确，A、B、D选项错误。故本题应选C。

32.某网络信息公司通过对用户媒体进行分析发现，现有10%的用户选择了会员服务并实际付费，但选择了会员服务的用户中有20%没有实际付费，请问，选择了会员服务的用户占该公司总用户数的百分比是（ ）。

A.12%

B.12.5%

C.15%

D.15.5%

【答案】B。设总人数为 1000，则选择会员服务并实际付费的人数为 100，总会员人数为 $100/(1-20\%)=125$ 人，择了会员服务的用户占该公司总用户数的百分比= $125/1000 \times 100\%=12.5\%$ 。B 选项正确，A、C、D 选项错误。故本题应选 B。

33.2016 年 12 月 8 日是星期四，2020 年 12 月 8 日是星期几？（ ）

A.星期二

B.星期三

C.星期四

D.星期五

【答案】A。从 2016 年 12 月 8 日到 2020 年 12 月 8 日经过了天数= $365+365+365+366=1461$ 天， $1461 \div 7=205$ 余 5，即经过了 205 周又 5 天，星期四过 5 天是星期二。A 选项正确，B、C、D 选项错误。本题故应选 A。

34.某项目甲乙丙三人共同负责，依次完成三个阶段的工作，甲所需工数的 $1/2$ 等于乙所需工数的 $1/3$ ，又等于丙所需工数的 $3/7$ ，已知丙所需的工时数比甲多 90 个，请问这个项目一共（ ）个工时数。

A.1960

B.1980

C.2010

D.2020

【答案】B。设甲所需工时数为 x ，则丙所需工时数为 $7x/6$ ，由题意得 $7x/6-x=90$ ，解得 $x=540$ 小时，即甲所需工时数为 540 小时，丙所需工时数为 630 小时，乙所需工时= $(540/2) \times 3=810$ ，则这个项目共需 $540+810+630=1980$ 工时数。B 选项正确，A、C、D 选项错误。故本题应选 B。

第三部分 英语

Multiple Choice

Directions: There are 45 incomplete sentences in this section beneath each sentence there are four choices marked A B, C and D. Choose one word or phrase that correctly completes the sentence. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet.

1. OE Furniture company is () to providing contemporary furniture at old prices.

- A. dedication
- B. dedicates
- C. dedicated
- D. dedicating

【答案】C。考查词汇辨析。四个选项均是动词 *dedicate* 的其他词性形式，所以词意一致“奉献、献身、赠言”，只是词性的不同。A项：*dedication* 是名词；B项：*dedicates* 是动词的单三形式；D项：*dedicating* 是现在分词形式；*dedicated* 是过去分词作形容词，*be ~ to* 是其固定搭配形式“从事于、献身于”。

2. —I don't know how to deal with it.

—Well. I recommend that you () some professional advice.

- A. would get
- B. will get
- C. get
- D. can get

【答案】C。考查虚拟语气。当 *advise*、*suggest*、*insist* 等表示命令、建议词语引导宾语从句时，从句要用虚拟语气 *should + 动词原形*，*should* 可以省略。*recommend* 意为“推荐、建议”，从句要用虚拟语气，即 *recommend that sb (should) do sth* 建议...；*should* 可以省略。因此答案选 C。其他选项均不符合，排除。

3. Job seekers are advised to avoid discussing confidential business knowledge acquired () working for former employers.

- A. even
- B. besides
- C. while

D. throughout

【答案】C。考查连词。“求职者们被建议避免谈论从上一份工作中获得的商业机密信息”，business knowledge 后面的定语从句补充完整就是“which was acquired while working for former employers”，这里的 while 意思为“当……的时候”。A 项：甚至；B 项：此外；D 项：“自始至终、遍及、横跨”等，只有 C 项符合题意，故答案选 C。

4.A new booklet explaining the process of course selection along with counseling services is () to any student interested in receiving help.

A. potential

B. available

C. expressed

D. approaching

【答案】B。考查词汇辨析。B 项：available 可获得的可利用的；A 项：potential 潜在的可能的；C 项：expressed 表达的；D 项：approaching 接近。根据语义，“任何需要帮助的学生都可以得到一本解释选课过程和辅导服务的小册子”，可知 B 项符合题意，故答案选 B。

5.The staff of the document storage facility followed the auditor's suggestions for corrective action in () detail.

A. other

B. every

C. either

D. any

【答案】B。考查词汇搭配。in every detail /in any detail “在每一个细节上”，但是前者搭配多用于肯定句中，后者用于否定句中，故排除 D 项。A 项：其他的，不符合题意，排除；C 项：either，两者中一方，通常与 or 连用。

6.Mr. Uemura declined to () on rumors about how many medicines the drug manufacturer had in development.

A. comment

B. commentary

C. comments

D. commenting

【答案】A。固定搭配。decline to do sth “拒绝做某事”，所以后面需要加上动词原形，只有 A 选项是动词原形。另 comment on sth “对某事发表意见，评论某事”也是固定搭配。B 项：（对书籍等的）解说词、评论，属于名词；C 项：评论，可充当名词或动词；D 项是动词-ing 形式。

7. Since its repair, the central heating system in the Rayburn Building is now in () order.

- A. working
- B. practical
- C. realistic
- D. useful

【答案】A。考查词汇辨析。“楼雷本大厦的中央供暖系统经过修理，现在可以正常使用了”。in working order “处于正常运转状态”；B 项：practical “实际的、实用的”；C 项：realistic “现实的、逼真的”；D 项：useful “有用的、有益的”。

8. The Yunof brand of tea () entered the market in Norway only three year ago is already among the top five best-selling brands.

- A. when
- B. who
- C. where
- D. which

【答案】D。考查定语从句。定语从句缺少主语，而先行词 the Yunof brand of tea 为物，因此关系代词选择 D 选项的 which。“云南茶叶三年前才进入挪威市场，如今已经成为茶叶销售品牌前五。”A 项：when 先行词是时间，排除；B 项：who 的先行词是人，排除；C 项：where 的先行词是地点，排除；故答案选 D。

9. All commuters () the main highway to get to the center of the city will face delays of up to an hour today because of on-going construction.

- A. use
- B. used
- C. using
- D. will use

【答案】C。现在分词在保持动词特性的同时，还起到形容词的作用，可修饰名词。commuters 是本句主语，谓语动词为 will face，空格处应填入以 the main highway 为宾语、

修饰 commuters 的动词，所以选择现在分词 using。“由于正在进行的建设，所有使用主干道前往市中心的通勤者将面临一个小时的延误。” ABD 选项均不符合。

10.You also may ask at any time to see the personal data you () us and request correction or deletion.

- A. given
- B. to be given
- C. have given
- D. have been given

【答案】C。名词 (data) 后面有主语 you，因此想到这里省略了引导定语从句的关系词。You 是主语，空格内应填入谓语动词。C 和 D 都是谓语动词，此时应考虑是主动语态还是被动语态。Give 是及物动词，us 是间接宾语，省略的关系词可看作直接宾语。所以应当填入主动语态 C 选项。

11.The () tough training given by our company creates strong and able sales representatives who perform well above others in the same field.

- A. indifferently
- B. presumable
- C. completely
- D. unbearably

【答案】D。考查词汇辨析。D 项：unbearably，难以忍受地；A 项：indifferently，冷淡地，漠不关心地；B 项：presumable，可能有的，可推测的；C 项：completely，完全地，彻底地。根据原文题意，我们公司组织的难以忍受的高强度培训培养出能干的销售代表”，tough 是个形容词，就只能和副词搭配，所以答案选 D。

12.Unlike traditional book publishers P-Gram Books focuses () on producing audio books that can be downloaded from the Internet.

- A. exclusively
- B. exclusive
- C. exclusives
- D. exclusion

【答案】A。考查词汇辨析。所填写的词是用来修饰动词 focuses，所以必须是副词。选项的区别也在于词性的不同，只有 A 选项是副词“唯一地、专有地”。B 项：专用的、高级的，是形容词；C 项：没有 exclusives 的表达，排除；D 项：exclusion 是名词形式。

13.He spoke about the country as if he had been there, but () he had never.

A. frequently

B. gradually

C. actually

D. finally

【答案】C。A 项：frequently 频繁的；B 项：gradually 逐渐地；C 项：actually 实际地；D 项：finally 最后。根据句意：他说起这个国家，好像他去过，但实际上他从没去过。actually 更符合文意，所以答案选 C。

14.All of our stores will be extending their business hours during the holiday season, but we will go back to our () hours after the new year.

A. regular

B. regulars

C. regularity

D. regularities

【答案】A。考查名词辨析修饰 hours（名词），选择形容词 regular。我们所有的商店都将在假日期间延长营业时间，但我们将在新年后回到正常的营业时间。

15.I extend my sincere () to the family and friends of John Miller, who has suddenly left us at the age of 54.

A. appreciation

B. description

C. condolences

D. charges

【答案】C。考查词汇辨析。C 项：condolence 哀悼；A 项：appreciation 感激；B 项：description 描述；D 项：charge，费用，控告。根据题意，“John Miller 忽然辞世，我对他的家人和朋友致以诚挚的哀悼。”C 项“哀悼”更符合题意，所以答案选 C。

16.Researchers at Gasnite Company have developed an improved method of () fuel industrial waste materials.

- A. extraction
- B. extracts
- C. extracted
- D. extracting

【答案】D。介宾短语的考查。介词后只能加代词或者名词、名词短语，当介词后加动词的时候，动词必须改成动名词形式。一般情况下，动名词是直接在动词后加 ing。因此可以排除 BC 选项。A 选项 extraction 也是名词，但是该名词与之后的名词 materials 有所属关系，必须加 of，所以 A 选项错误。故答案选 D。

17. So far the construction of the two new bridges over the river ().

- A. have been completed
- B. has been completed
- C. has completed
- D. have completed

【答案】B。考查主谓一致和语态。此处谓语形式应该与主语 the construction 一致，故谓语应该使用单数形式，故排除 A 和 D 两项；且 complete 与 construction 为动宾关系，故使用被动语态，所以选 B。

18. () inexpensive, most batteries available today will last much longer than those produced a decade ago.

- A. Nevertheless
- B. However
- C. Anyway
- D. Yet

【答案】A。考查连词。“××很便宜，现今大多数的电池（反而）要比十年前持续使用时间更长”，通过句意，可以补充出来“尽管很便宜”的暗含转折的意思，那么对应的就是选项中 nevertheless “尽管如此”。B 项：However “然而”或者是“无论……”，后面接形容词时，表示“无论……”，显然不符合题意；C 项：anyway “无论如何、不管怎样”，D 项：yet “但是、然而”。

19. Presidential candidate Christine Witherby spoke () yesterday about her proposals for budget reform.

- A. expensively

B. numerously

C. previously

D. publicly

【答案】D。考查词汇辨析。A项：expensively “昂贵地”；B项：numerously “无数地”，C项：previously “先前、预先地”；D项：publicly “公开、公众地”。根据题意，“总统候选人克里斯丁昨天在××演讲中谈到了她对预算改革的提案”，D项更符合题意，所以答案选D。

20. The newly installed alarm system, which is directly connected to the police, will go off if the correct security code is not entered () 60 seconds of touching the keypad.

A. only

B. under

C. within

D. directly

【答案】C。考查词汇辨析。A项：只有；B项：在……之下；C项：在……之内；D项：直接。根据题意，“新安装的报警系统，直接连接到警察，如果在触摸键盘的60秒内没有输入正确的安全码，将会关闭”，应该是在60秒之内，所以答案选C。

21. () to playing games recently, he is easy to feel sleepy in class.

A. Addicted

B. Addicting

C. Having addicted

D. To addict

【答案】A。考查非谓语动词。be addicted to 沉溺于…，形容词短语在句子做原因状语，只不过题干的前半段把is省略了。句意：“由于最近沉溺于玩游戏，上课时他很容易就睡着了。”只有A项用的是be addicted，省略了is，所以答案选A。B项addicting是ing形式；C项应改为having been addicted；D项不定式一般表将来时态，排除；故答案选A。

22. Mr. Chopra cautioned () adopting the plan.

A. along

B. to

C. at

D. against

【答案】D。考查介词与动词搭配。caution 后面常接 about 或 against; caution against 意为“提防、警告、警惕”。所以 D 选项正确。ABC 和 caution 均搭配不当，排除。

23.The new sports complex will accommodate an Olympic-sized swimming pool and other (), including a fitness center and a spa, to name just a few.

- A. facilities
- B. categories
- C. qualities
- D. supplies

【答案】A。根据原文的 swimming pool、fitness center、spa 都是设施设备，所以选择 A。新的体育场馆将容纳一个奥运大小的游泳池和其他设施，包括一个健身中心和一个水疗中心。B 项：种类；C 项：质量；D 项：供给品。

24.Our new product will be put through a number of () tests before being released to the public.

- A. dependent
- B. founded
- C. withhold
- D. stringent

【答案】D。修饰名词 tests，用 stringent 严格的更为符合题意。“我们的新产品将会通过一系列严格的测试，然后才会公布给公众。”A 依靠的，从属的，B 有基础的，C 动词，保留，克制。

25.Despite heavy competition from established carriers, Sopot Airlines have managed to do more than just () in the narrow luxury niche.

- A. survived
- B. survives
- C. survive
- D. survivor

【答案】C。考查动词。more than just 是个连词，意为“不仅仅是”，当连接两个动词时，前后动词的时态的形式要一直，根据原文，more than just 在这里连接的是 do 和 survive，所以 survive 要用动词原形，故答案选 C。ABD 选项均不符合。

26.Marty as well as his parents () to the opening ceremony the other day.

- A. has invited
- B. have invited
- C. was invited
- D. were invited

【答案】C。考查主谓一致和语态。名词 1+as well as+名词 2 做主语，谓语动词与名词 1 保持一致。因此可以排除 BD 选项。根据句意：Marty 和她的父母被邀请去参加开幕式。他们应该是“被邀请”的，要用被动语态，所以答案选 C。

- 27.It was at this shop () I came across one of my old friends.
- A. which
 - B. that
 - C. where
 - D. in which

【答案】B。考查强调句型。强调的基本结构：It is/was 被强调成分 that/who 其它成分。把 it is/was...that/who 去掉，句子仍然成立。强调句中只能用 that（时间、地点、物等）或 who（人），本题强调的是 at this shop 这个地点状语，用 that。所以答案选 B。句意：就是在这家商店里，我遇见了我的一个老朋友。ACD 选项均不是强调句可用的连接词，排除。

- 28.So far the construction of the two new bridges over the river ().
- A. have been completed
 - B. has been completed
 - C. has completed
 - D. have completed

【答案】B。考查主谓一致和语态。此处谓语形式应该与主语 the construction 一致，故谓语应该使用单数形式，故排除 A 和 D 两项；且 complete 与 construction 为动宾关系，故使用被动语态，所以选 B。

- 29.The detective () the solving of this case to an anonymous phone call the police received a few hours before the arrest took place.
- A. accused
 - B. presented
 - C. attributed
 - D. disapproved

【答案】C。考查词汇辨析。attribute A to B “把 A 归功于/归因于……”，根据题意，“这名侦探将案件的解决归功于警方在逮捕前几小时接到的匿名电话”，C 项更符合题意。A 项 accuse of 意为“指控、控告”；B 项 present “演示、展示、出席”等；D 项 disapprove “不赞同、不支持”。

30.It is easy to read Sam because he () squints when he finds himself in an uncomfortable situation.

- A. habitually
- B. habitual
- C. habits
- D. habit

【答案】A。考查词汇辨析之词性辨析。空格后面的 squints 是个动词，因此空格处需要填一个副词，只有 A 项 habitually 是副词，所以答案选 A。B 项是形容词；CD 项是动词。句意：很容易看懂萨姆，他经常眯着眼，当他发现自己处于一种不舒服的状态。

31.The country life he was used to () greatly since the opening policy.

- A. change
- B. has changed
- C. changing
- D. having changed

【答案】B。The country life 是整个句子的主语，定语从句 he was used to 是用来修饰 country life，省略了关系代词 that/which。所以整个句子缺谓语动词，CD 选项是非谓语动词形式，因此可以排除 CD。因为主语 country life 是单数形式，所以谓语动词要用单数形式，排除 A，故答案选 B。

32.If you had seen a doctor, you () much better now.

- A. are
- B. will be
- C. would be
- D. would have been

【答案】C。考查 if 引导的虚拟语气。根据句子结构可知，该句采用的是 if 引导的虚拟条件句，因为主句中有 now 可知，主句是对现在的虚拟。故选择 C。AB 不是虚拟语气的用法。D 是对过去的虚拟。

33. It is recommended that room reservations be made () in advance.

- A. better
- B. best
- C. good
- D. well

【答案】D。考查固定搭配。“人们建议预定房间应该早早提前”。well in advance 意为“早早儿的、大大提前”，ABC 选项不符合原文意思，排除。

34. () the meeting himself gave them a great deal of encouragement.

- A. The president will attend
- B. The president to attend
- C. That the president attended
- D. The president attending

【答案】C。() the meeting himself 是本句主语，句意：总统亲自出席会议给了他们很多的鼓励。这句话使用主语从句，that 引导主语从句的时候，that 不能省略，所以 A 不对，也可以用动名词的复合结构在句中作主语，B 也不对，句中“the president's”为名词所有格充当动名词“attending”的逻辑主语。所以 D 也错了，所以选 C。

35. The vast number of new businesses the city is attracting is good news for the local economy; however, the () of vacant office space is something the mayor has to figure out soon.

- A. level
- B. training
- C. shortage
- D. exaggeration

【答案】C。根据题意，“城市吸引的大量新企业对当地经济来说是个好消息；然而，市长必须尽快解决空置办公空间的短缺问题。”however 转折连词，横线处应填入与 vast number 含义相反的名词，所以选择 shortage。A 项：水平；B 项：训练；D 项：夸张。

36. Before a problem can be solved, it must be obvious () the problem itself is.

- A. what
- B. that
- C. which

D. why

【答案】A。考查主语从句。“在解决问题之前，一定要弄清楚问题是什么”。It 作形式主语，后面连接真正的主语，从句中缺表语，排除 B 和 D；又因题目没有给出 problem 的范围，故选 A。

37. Fewer than ten accounting firms in the country have received the Barstow Award () excellence in customer service.

A. to

B. for

C. at

D. with

【答案】B。考查介词。“该国有不到十所会计事务所曾获得巴斯托奖，因为它们在客户服务领域的卓越表现。”选项介词中，只有 for 有表示“原因”的意思。A 项：to 一般用来表方向、目的等；C 项：at 通常与时间、地点连用；D 项：with 意为“和”或“随着”。

38. The () of climbing to the top of the corporate ladder is best defined in the new book published by Scott Thompson, one of the most successful businessmen in history.

A. challenge

B. dimension

C. introduction

D. compassion

【答案】A。考查词汇辨析。A 项：挑战；B 项：维度、尺寸；C 项：介绍、说明书；D 项：同情。根据题意，“晋升到公司最高职位的挑战，选择 challenge。《爬上公司的阶梯》这本书是史上最成功的商人之一，斯科特·汤普森出版的新书中最能说明问题的”，A 项 challenge “挑战”更符合原文，故答案选 A。

39. The Rio Blue jacket comes with a special shaped pocket that prevents loose coins from () out.

A. drop

B. drops

C. dropped

D. dropping

【答案】D。考查动词短语。prevent sb from doing sth “阻止做某事”。ABC 选项均不符合 prevent 的搭配，排除；故答案选 D。

40. Luckily, Smith brought a map, () we would have got lost.

- A. that
- B. of which
- C. without which
- D. which

【答案】C。Which 指代先行词 map 作为 without 的宾语。句意：幸运的是 Smith 买了一张地图，没有它我们会迷路。

41. () with many teenagers, Zhou Dongyu who comes from the new movie Under the Hawthorn Tree prefers pop music to classical music.

- A. In particular
- B. In common
- C. In practice
- D. In general

【答案】B。考查词汇辨析。A 项：in particular “尤其是”；B 项：in common “共同” C 项：in practice “实际上” D 项：in general “一般来说”，根据句意：和很多年轻人一样，来自新电影《山楂树》的周冬雨比起古典音乐更喜欢流行音乐。in common 更符合题意，所以答案选 B。

42. Many fans were shocked when the team captain, John Turner, signed a two-year contract with a () team for an undisclosed amount.

- A. rival
- B. partial
- C. renewed
- D. contrasting

【答案】A。考查词汇辨析。rival team 是复合名词，指竞争对手。当球队队长约翰·特纳与对手队签了一份为期两年的合同，金额不详时，许多球迷都感到震惊。B 项：部分的、偏爱的、偏袒的，C 项：更新；D 项：对比的。

43. The floor manager, as well as his managerial staff, () the customer's phone call.

- A. haven't returned

B. hasn't been returned

C. hasn't returned

D. returning

【答案】C。考查主谓一致。当 As well as 连接两个主语时，谓语动词的单复数形式要根据第一个主语来定，很明显 floor manager 是单数，所以谓语动词要用单数，排除 AD 选项。根据句意，“楼层经理和管理员已经回复了客户的电话”，“回电话”应该是主动的，不需要用被动语态，排除 B，故答案选 C。

44. The girl planned to have dance lessons at the training centre with her friend () she would stay for an hour.

A. who

B. where

C. what

D. which

【答案】B。考查定语从句。句中先行词为 the training centre，在定语从句中作地点状语，故用关系副词 where，选 B。A 项：who 修饰的先行词是人；C 项：what 不用于定语从句；D 项：which 修饰的先行词是物。

45. Its recent gains in market share can be () to price cutting efforts.

A. accounted

B. attributed

C. accused

D. appraised

【答案】B。考查词汇辨析。attribute A to B = A is attributed to B，把 A 归因于 B。A 项 account for 说明，对……有责任；C 项 accuse + sb. + of (+理由) 把……归咎于某人，指控；D 项 appraise “估价、估量”。根据题意，“市场份额最近的盈利归结于降价这方面所做的努力。” B 项 “attribute” 更符合题意，所以答案选 B。

Reading Comprehension

Directions: Read the following texts. Answer the questions below each text by choosing A, B, C or D. Mark your answers.

Passage 1

SIMFLOW LANGUAGE LTD

From Petch Aromdee, Translation Supervisor

To Translation Staff, Bristol Office

Subject: New Projects

Date: 16 April

First, I would like to congratulate team members Evelyn Witt and Rishi Shah, who have recently been approved to participate audio projects from French and Hindi, respectively. They will now be supervising recording sessions at our Swindon office days a month. Anyone else interested in joining the Simflow audio team should contact Denise Charles d.charles@simflowlanguage.co.uk.

As I mentioned last week, we are taking on four new projects next month. Details are listed below.

Project	Language	Due Date
Frampton Clothes Catalog	Russian	2 June
Cole and Rukavina Law Firm file	Portuguese	8 June
Misty Springs Meals advertisement	Korean	13 June
Alden Auto Parts manual	Farsi	16 June

Provisional assignments for each project will be e-mailed to you tomorrow afternoon. All assignments will be finalized on 29 April. Please contact me with any questions.

From Marie Nolan

To Petch Aromdee

Subject: Project Assignment

Date: 21 April

Hi Petch,

I have a question regarding next month's new projects. Would it be possible for me to switch assignments with Daniel Newman? I used to work in the marketing department at Frampton Clothes, and I feel that my experience would allow me to make a unique contribution to their project. I thought switching with Daniel might be feasible because, as you know, we both work in the same two languages.

Let me know what you think. If you would like to speak with me in person, I will be available between 2:00 pm and 4:00 pm today.

Thank you,

Marie

46. What is suggested about Ms. Witt and Ms. Shah? ()

- A. They were hired by Denise Charles.
- B. They transferred to Swindon office.
- C. They are part of the translation staff.
- D. They both speak French and Hindi.

【答案】B。关键词 Ms. Witt and MS. Shah 定位至第一段第一句。由 They will now be supervising recording sessions at our Swindon office days a month. 可知选项 B 正确。A 项：他们是被 Denise Charles 雇佣的，根据 Denise Charles 可定位到原文第一段的最后一句 Anyone else interested in joining the Simflow audio team should contact Denise Charles, “任何对参加.....感兴趣的人可以联系 Denise Charles”，原文并没有直接说出 Denise Charles 就是雇主，根据这句话很难推出，所以排除 A 项；C 项：他们是翻译职员当中的一部分，原文说的是他们是“recording session”的，因此排除 C 项；D 项：他们都会讲法语和印度语，原文并没有提及，排除；故答案选 B。

47. What is indicated about Simflow Language Ltd.? ()

- A. It provides recordings in different language.
- B. It sells translation software.
- C. It pays its translators per project.
- D. It is recruiting additional translators.

【答案】A。细节题。根据原文第一段 they will now be supervising recording sessions at our Swindon office days a month. Anyone else interested in joining the Simflow audio team, 可知 Simflow Language 有可能是记录不同语言的，所以答案选 A。B 项：“它出售翻译软件”，

原文并没有与“出售”相关的信息，排除；C项：“每个项目它都会为译员付费”，无中生有，排除；D项：“它正在招募额外的译员”，原文针对的是内部员工，并非招募新员工，排除；故答案选A。

48. When will staff members receive their tentative assignments? ()

A. On April 29.

B. On April 21.

C. On April 17.

D. On April 16.

【答案】C。细节题。根据原文表格下面一句话 provisional assignments for each project will be e-mailed to you tomorrow afternoon，也就是说明天下午就会发送到员工手里，这封邮件写的时间是第一封邮件的开头，Date: 16 April，所以答案选C。ABD都不符合。

49. What is the language of the project on which Ms. Nolan would like to work? ()

A. Farsi

B. Korean

C. Portuguese

D. Russian

【答案】D。Ms. Nolan可以定位至第二封邮件，正文第一段提出她想和Daniel Newman换任务，随后又提到她曾在Frampton Clothes市场部工作过，她想参与该公司的工程项目。通过表格中的项目定位可知是俄语，因此答案选D项：Russian。A项：波斯语；B项：韩语；C项：葡萄牙语。

50. What is mentioned about Ms. Nolan? ()

A. She will leave her workplace at 2:00pm.

B. She will be working directly with Mr. Newman on a joint assignment.

C. She is currently working on two projects.

D. She was employed by a client of Simflow Language Ltd. in the past.

【答案】D。是非题。A项：根据原文最后一段 I will be available between 2:00 pm and 4:00 pm today.（下午2:00-4:00我都有空），并不是说两点之后就离开办公室，A项错误；B项：根据原文 Would it be possible for me to switch assignments with Daniel Newman，她应该是和Daniel Newman进行交换，并不是共同完成一项任务，B项排除；C项：“她现在正从事两个项目”，无中生有，排除；D项：“以前她是由Simflow Language里的一个客户雇

佣的”，根据原文 I used to work in the marketing department at Frampton Clothes, Frampton Clothes 是 Simflow Languag 的一个项目，所以她应该是由该部分雇佣的，因此答案选 D。

Passage 2

When Tina Nicolai began working as a recruiter for Walt Disney World in the late 1990s, she noticed that many job seekers were submitting flawed resumes. “I realized people simply did not know how to make themselves on their achievements. Nicolai tells Business Insider. “And that’s how I knew there was a market to educate job candidates as levels and in all industries.

In 2010 she founded Resume Writers’ Ink. Since launching my company, I’ve read over 40000 resumes,” she says “And this is what most people get wrong: They think a buffet resume is the best way to go.” Nicolai says a buffet resume is one that has too much going on... one that offers too much information.

“My clients often think a resume that is smorgasbord is best because it demonstrates the bandwidth of skills, experiences and achievements that they have in their repertoire of success,” she says. “But this is a recipe for getting overlooked.”

Nicolai says hiring managers do not have time to sift through you resume, picking out what is directly related to the job opening. “A resume is like a wardrobe. Just because a person has everything from casual to formal doesn’t mean they wear all of those pieces together,” she explains. We dress according to where we’re going, the activity we’re doing, and the climate---but don’t wear it all at once.

Only include information that’s relevant to the job you’re applying for. And yes, that means you need to tailor your resume for each job application. Don’t be lazy!

51.The word “repertoire” in paragraph 3 is closet in meaning to ().

- A. selection
- B. collection
- C. variety
- D. repetition

【答案】B。猜词题。第三段首句写到“我的客户总是认为简历越详尽越好，因为详尽的简历会展现他们在日常成功中所储备的丰富技巧、经验和成果”。B项意为“收集”，亦

可引申为“积累”，与文段中的 repertoire（所有、全部）意思更为接近。A 项：选择；C 项：多样性；D 项：重复，ACD 选项的意思与 repertoire 悬殊较大，排除，故答案选 B。

52. According to the passage, what is a smorgasbord resume? ()

- A. A resume that has a special focus.
- B. A resume that contains everything.
- C. A resume that impresses all.
- D. A resume that is fancy-looking.

【答案】B。猜词题。关键词 smorgasbord resume 定位至第三段，“My clients often think a resume that is smorgasbord is best because it demonstrates the bandwidth of skills, experiences and achievements that they have in their repertoire of success”，根据后半句 it demonstrates the bandwidth of skills, experiences and achievements that they have in their repertoire of success（它阐述了所有成功经历当中的技能、经验和成就），可见 smorgasbord resume（简历）应该是非常详细的，囊括了所有的东西，所以答案选 B。A 项：一份有着特定关注点的建立；C 项：一份让人印象深刻的简历；D 项：一份非常好看的简历。

53. What does Tina Nicolai mean when she said “this is a recipe for getting overlooked” in paragraph 3? ()

- A. Putting too much information in the resume distracts the reader’s attention.
- B. One needs to add more information to the resume.
- C. The details in the resume could be easily overlooked because of the arrangement.
- D. The resume needs to be more eye-catching.

【答案】A。猜词题。根据题干的关键词可定位到原文的第三段的最后一句话，“But this is a recipe for getting overlooked”，这句话的前几句阐述的是客户认为一份囊括所有信息的简历就是最好的简历，然后通过转折关联词 but 说出了自己的观点，but 前后两句的含义相反、感情色彩相反，因此这句话应该表达的是作者认为“囊括所有信息”的简历并不好，反而会带来坏处，观察选项，只有 A 项（简历里面放太多信息会分散读者的注意力）的感情色彩能与前文保持对立，所以答案选 A。B 项：人们应该在简历上放更多的信息；C 项：由于排版的问题，简历里面的详细信息会被忽视；D 项：简历应该更加吸引人眼球。

54. Which of the following is recommended according to the passage? ()

- A. Making the resume like a wardrobe.
- B. Offering as much information in the resume as possible.

C. Tailoring the resume for each application.

D. Putting all of one's achievements in the resume.

【答案】C。是非题。结合文段倒数第一段和第二段，作者用了很形象的比喻，We dress according to where we're going, the activity we're doing, and the climate（穿衣要根据不同的场合和所参加的活动，以及气候而定），也就是说制作简历时应该根据自己所找的工作而定，不要广撒网，所以答案选C。A项：制作简历就像整理衣柜一样，A项表述过于字面意思，没有点破作者真正的建议，排除；B项：“简历中尽可能提供多一点信息”，与作者意思相反，排除；D项：“把所有的成就都写入简历中”，作者并不赞同这样，排除；故答案选C。

55.If you applying for a sales manager, which of the following should NOT be included in your resume according to the passage? ()

A. Award of the best debater

B. Experience as a group leader

C. Intern as a sales assistant

D. Demonstrated sale results

【答案】A。是非题。题干问的是“如果你要申请销售经理的职位，下列哪个内容不能写入简历中”，结合文段倒数二、三段的内容，作者认为制作简历是要量体裁衣，根据自己申请的职位来写简历，如果想申请销售经理职位，A项：最佳辩手奖，这项优势与销售经理并无太大关系，所以A项不宜写入简历当中；B项：小组领导的经验，可以体现“经理”领导能力；C项：销售助理实习，与销售经理相关，可以写入；D项：列举销售数据，也与销售相关，可写入；只有A项不符合，故答案选A。

Passage 3

These days Rebekah Brooks is keeping a low profile. Two years on from her acquittal of an event relating to the phone hacking scandal --- and 10 months after she returned to head New Corp's British newspaper ---Rupert Murdoch's protégé is avoiding the sort of political and social events where she would have once been a regular citizen.

“She has had her head down since she's been hack,” says a News Corp source.” Her priority is to make a difference to the business. Once you've been through the cycle of fame, normality can be appealing.”

Last week Ms. Brooks made the biggest splash since she returned last September, with News Corp's £220m acquisition of Wireless Group, the owner of Talksport radio.

The deal followed the group's £114m purchase of Unruly, a digital advertising start-up, which came last autumn, 10 days after Ms. Brooks return.

While small sums for a global media business with a market capitalization of more than £6bn, the two acquisitions show how Ms. Brooks is looking to unearth new revenue streams to offset the decline in revenues from newspaper advertising.

In common with all newspaper groups, News Corp is facing a structural shift as readers and advertisers abandon newspaper for online platforms such as Google and Facebook. This year analysts are predicting a 20 percent fall in print advertising revenues, and newspaper industry executives are concerned these revenues will never come back.

In the four years between Ms. Brooks' 2011 resignation and her return in the 2015, News Corp's revenues in the UK and Ireland fell from £1.3bn to £1.1bn. Other newspaper groups have witnessed similar falls, as income from digital growth has failed to plug the gap left by the decline of traditional print.

56. What problem did Rebekah have two years ago? ()

- A. She was charged with phone-hacking.
- B. She was exiled from News Corp.
- C. She lost her job.
- D. She kept a low profile.

【答案】A。细节题。关键词 Rebekah 定位至第一段，提到两年前的 phone hacking scandal. 可知与 phone hacking 有关。所以答案选 A。B 项：她被 News Corp 赶出来了，根据原文 10 months after she returned to head News Corp's British newspaper，可知她并没有被赶出来，后来还是回到了 News Corp；C 项：她失去了工作，同样还是根据那句话，她既然能回到公司，说明她并没有丢掉工作，排除；D 项：以前她很低调，根据原文 These days Rebekah Brooks is keeping a low profile，可知她是这几天比较低调，并没有说是两年前，排除；故答案选 A。

57. What did Rebekah Brooks do after her return to her company? ()

- A. She changed the company's name.
- B. She formulated new strategies.

C. She cleared of her charges.

D. She completed two acquisitions.

【答案】D。细节题。A项：她改变了公司的名称；B项：她构想出新的策略；C项：她扫除了自己所有的指控；D项：她完成了两次并购。根据原文第三、第四、第五段，with News Corp's £220m acquisition of Wireless Group, the owner of Talksport radio., 提到了她完成了两个企业的并购重组，所以答案选D。ABC选项均不符合，不选。

58.What do Rebekah Brooks' actions after her return to the company show? ()

A. They show Brooks' irrational strategies.

B. They show Brooks' concern about the loss.

C. They show Brooks' ambition to expand the company.

D. They show Brooks' attempt to look for new sources of profits.

【答案】D。细节题。题干问的是“Rebekah Brooks 回到公司的行为表明来了什么”，根据原文第五段的内容，the two acquisitions show how Ms. Brooks is looking to unearth new revenue streams to offset the decline in revenues from newspaper advertising, 即这两场收购展示了她在寻找一种新的收益流来平衡报纸广告收益的减少。选项D正确。A项：它们表明了Brooks 不明智的策略；B项：它们展现出Brooks 对经济亏损的担忧；C项：它们表现出Brooks 扩大公司的野心。只有D项符合题干意思，故答案选D。

59.According to the article, which of the following is True? ()

A. Normality has become Ms. Brooks' priority most since she's been back.

B. News Corp is faced with a structural change because more readers turn to online platform.

C. News Corp's £114m purchase of Unruly is the biggest splash Ms. Brooks' has made.

D. News Corp revenues in the UK and Ireland declined about 18 percent from 2011 to 2015.

【答案】B。是非题。A项根据关键词 priority 可定位到原文的第二段 Her priority is to make a difference to the business, 由此可知，her priority 是 make a difference, 排除A；B项可以对应到原文倒数第二段的 News Corp is facing a structural shift as readers and advertisers abandon newspaper for online platforms such as Google and Facebook, 因此B项符合原文，因此答案选B。C项根据 biggest splash 定位到原文的第三段，根据 Ms. Brooks made the biggest splash since she returned last September, with News Corp's £220m acquisition of Wireless Group 可知，C项错误；D项根据 UK 和 Ireland 可定位到原文的最后一段，News Corp's

revenues in the UK and Ireland fell from £1.3bn to £1.1bn, 经计算, 最后结果是 15%左右, D 项错误; 故答案选 B。

60. The word “plug” in paragraph 7 is closest in meaning to? ()

- A. connect to
- B. widen
- C. block up
- D. Wedge

【答案】D。猜词题。定位至第七段, “其他的报纸行业也面临着同样的回落, 因为数字化经济收入的增加已经不能 () 传统印刷行业收入的下降”, A 项: 连接; B 项: 扩大; C 项: 封闭、堵塞; D 项: 嵌入、楔入, 指用某个东西填满一个狭小的空间, 据此, wedge 能够非常形象地表达出“弥补空缺”的意思, 所以答案选 D。

Passage 4

What's New in Vancouver this week?

Vancouver's Samburg Museum will feature a special exhibit of oil paintings by internationally acclaimed Swedish painter Oskar Hakala. Hakala, whose early work featured large-scale, scenic renderings of Swedish beaches, completed work last year on a collection entitled “Mind's Eye” that features uncharacteristic small canvases. Nature is still a theme, but words in “Mind's Eye” take on that subject on a much smaller scale. The curve of a single stone, the algae collected in a battered piece of driftwood, or the ripples on a section of sand after a wave. Hakala says that his departure from larger works is a natural progression “: My recent work is not just about being an observer of nature. Instead, I want to show how we are all a small part of it”.

The exhibit runs from August 12-22 in the Samburg Museum's North Gallery, 432 Caroline Avenue, Vancouver. Tickets are \$10.00. Complimentary tickets are available to museum members.

Call the museum at 604-555-0112 for more details.

BC Arts Focus

August 15

Hakala's Latest Efforts Uninspired

The Oskar Hakala is a masterful painter is undeniable. I have spent many enjoyable hours studying his early work. Those paintings have a life of their own, and evolve into something new each time I see them. But with “Mind’s Eye”. Hakala misses the mark. His characteristic wide, sure strokes of the brush are missing. The new woks have a much lighter touch, giving the impression that he is not sure of himself as he ventures into new territory. More troubling is that this collection of work shows almost no difference in terms of theme from Anna Vestrom’s paintings. Vestrom depicts the small elements in nature, but in a much truer fashion than Hakala does in his recent work. As a great fan of Hakala, I can only hope to see something bolder.

61. What is indicated about Oskar Hakala’s recent work? ()

- A. It’s quite different from his other paintings.
- B. It incorporates several types of paint.
- C. It shows scenic views of Vancouver.
- D. It took one year to complete.

【答案】A。关键词 Oskar Hakala 定位至第一段第一句。可知他的最近的作品是“mind’s eye”，与文中所描述他的 early work 相比特点是不一样的。选项 A 正确。B 项：“它包含了不同类型的画”，无中生有，排除；C 项：“它呈现了温哥华的景色”，无中生有，温哥华只是展会的地址，排除；D 项：“它花了一年时间才完成”，文段没有提及，排除；故答案选 A。

62. What is mentioned about tickets to the exhibit? ()

- A. They can be purchased online.
- B. They are less expensive when purchased in advance.
- C. They go on sale August 15.
- D. They are free for museum members.

【答案】D。是非题。关键词 tickets to the exhibit 定位至第二段倒数第二句，Tickets are \$10.00. Complimentary (免费赠送) tickets are available to museum members, 可知对于博物馆工作人员而言，票是免费的。且文段并没有说明可以在网上购票，A 项排除；B 项：“提前购买的话更便宜”，无中生有，排除；C 项：“8 月 15 号开售”，August 15 只是公布这则通知的日期，并不是售票日期，排除；因此答案选 D。

63. What is the purpose of the second article? ()

- A. To note that a popular exhibit is closing.

- B. To analyze the use of light in modern art.
- C. To give an opinion about the work of an artist.
- D. To encourage the readers to attend a workshop given by an artist.

【答案】C。根据问题，关键词定位至第二篇文章。从第四句的 but 可知是对“mind’s eye”作品提出了自己的意见。选项 C 正确。A 项：“通知一场闻名于世的展览即将关闭”；B 项：“分析现代艺术采光的问题”，D 项：“鼓励读者参加一位艺术家的展览”，只有 C 项符合原文，因此答案选 C。

64. What is implied about Soren Lindgren? ()

- A. He has studied large-scale paintings by Oskar Hakala.
- B. He dislikes Oskar Hakala’s the early paintings.
- C. He works for the Samburg Museum.
- D. He paints in a style similar to Oskar Hakala’s.

【答案】A。细节题。根据人名定位，可定位至原文第二篇文章，“I have spent many enjoyable hours studying his early work”，而 Oskar Hakala 早期作品的特点就是 large-scale（在原文第一段的第二句话 Hakala, whose early work featured large-scale, scenic renderings of Swedish beaches, completed），所以答案选 A。B 项表述错误，Soren Lindgren 非常喜欢 Hakala 早期的作品，反而不太喜欢她近期的作品，排除；C 项：“他为 Samburg Museum 工作”，无中生有，原文并没有提到，排除；D 项：“他作画的风格和 Hakala 很像”，无中生有，排除；故答案选 A。

65. What is suggested about Anna Vestrom’s work? ()

- A. It is painted on large canvases.
- B. It shows details from nature.
- C. It is currently on display at the Samburg Museum.
- D. It has received praise from critics all over the world.

【答案】B。细节题。关键词 Anna Vestrom’s work 定位至第二篇文章倒数第二句，Vestrom depicts the small elements in nature, but in a much truer fashion than Hakala does in his recent work，可知她的作品描述的是自然的小元素。选项 B 是用 details 同义替换 small elements，因此答案选 B。A 项：“它被画在一张巨大的画布上”，无中生有，排除；C 项：“它现在正在 Samburg Museum 进行展览”，无中生有，排除；D 项：“他受到世界各地的批评家的赞扬”，无中生有，排除；故答案选 B。

Passage 5

JOHN JONES

15 Avenue U

Brooklyn, NY11111

Phone: 718-222-2222/Email: someone @some domain.com

OFFICE MANAGER

Dedicated and skilled business professional with a versatile administrative support skill set developed through experience an office manager, secretary, administrative assistant and office clerk.

Excel in employer challenges with innovative solutions, systems and process improvements proven to increasing efficiency customer satisfaction and the bottom line.

Offer advanced computer skills in MS Office Suite and other applications system.

KEY SKILLS

Office management	Report & Document Preparation	Records Management
Team-building& supervision	Spreadsheet& Database Creation	Meeting &Event Planning
Staff Development& Training	Accounts Payable/Receivable	Inventory Management
Policies& Procedures Manuals	Bookkeeping& Payroll	Expense Reduction

WORK EXPERIENCE

ABC STORE, Brooklyn, NY 1997 to present

Office Manager, 2007 to present

Secretary, 1998 to 2007

Office Clerk (via XYZ Agency), 1997 to 1998

Repeatedly promoted during 12-year tenure with ABC Store, culminating in current responsibility for coordination all office functioning and supervising a team of four administrative professionals.

Efficiency-enhancing work flow/process improvements that made it possible to accommodate increasing necessitated by staff reductions.

Office expenditures 15% by implementing needed controls on stock/supplies and standardizing procedure thousands of dollars fees and improved the response rates of direct marketing campaign by bringing mass mailing functioning in-house.

DEF Flooring, Brooklyn, NY 1995 to 1997

Receptionist/Administrative Assistant

Served as executive assistant to the management, handled a busy phone system, functioned as primary customers and ensured a consistently positive customer experience.

Results:

Helped drive a 10% increase in customer satisfaction (as measured by a customer survey)

Create alternated daily stats that reduced inaccuracies and provided management important decision-making.

Became a trusted assistant to the company president, executive staff and office and earned a reputation for a positive attitude and producing high-quality work.

CHOOOL, Brooklyn, Academic Diploma, 1997

66.What job is John looking for? ()

A. Office Manager

B. Receptionist

C. Supervisor

D. Administrative Assistant

【答案】A。细节题。第一份邮件是由 John 发的，邮件的标题 OFFICE MANAGER 就说明了 John 想找 office manager，所以答案选 A。BCD 选项均不符合。B 项：接待人员；C 项：监管者；D 项：行政助理。

67.The word “versatile” in line 1 is closet in meaning to ()

A. A wide range of

B. Unlimited

C. Exquisite

D. Rare

【答案】A。猜词题。定位至第一段首句，a versatile administrative support skill set developed through experience an office manager, secretary, administrative assistant and office clerk, versatile skill 后面描述了一系列技能，那么 versatile 含有“覆盖面广”的意思，前后照应，只有 A 项最佳，因此答案选 A。B 项：无限的；C 项：精致的；D 项：稀有的、稀少的。

68. Which of the following is not among John strong points? ()

A. Account Payable.

B. Document preparation.

C. Bookkeeping.

D. Sales.

【答案】D。是非题。strong points “优点、特长”，可以定位至文中 key skills 的表格。A 项在表格的第二列第五行；B 项在表格的第二列第二行；C 项在表格的第二列第六行；发现选项 D 不在其中，因此答案选 D。

69. What did John do in December, 2000? ()

A. He was an Office Manager at ABC Store.

B. He was an Office Clerk at ABC Store.

C. He was a Receptionist at DEF company.

D. He was a Secretary at ABC Store.

【答案】D。细节题。根据题干的 2000，可定位至人名和时间定位，在 work experience 部分，根据 **Secretary**, 1998 to 2007，可推出 2000 年时，他是 secretary，选项 D 正确。其他选项均不符合，排除。

70. What was probably the reason for John to switch his working company from DEF Company to ABC Store? ()

A. He wanted more salary

B. He graduated

C. He wanted a promotion

D. He moved

【答案】B。在 DEF company 的工作经历中，最后一句话可知他离开 DEF company 那一年，他毕业了。选项 B 正确。A 项：他想要更多的薪水；C 项：他想要晋升；D 项：他搬家了。

Passage 6

A general partner at Mountain View-based GV (formerly Google Ventures), Faris makes a point of creating time to explore other entrepreneurial hotbeds.

“I’m a fan of emerging ecosystem that is not in a Valley--other areas where the talent pools are unbelievable”, he tells Business Insider. “Where it just feels like you can be a lot more thoughtful recruiting, where there’s no frenzy. I like going and looking for entrepreneurs in those pockets”.

“It’s a breath of fresh air to be able to poke your head in and see what kind of innovation these areas have”, He says. “Each ecosystem thinks in different ways. They have expertise in certain domains that others aren’t as strong in. It’s so fascinating to learn from”.

This principle means he’s racked up his frequent flyer miles.” The best way to find these companies is actually to go there. It takes work and the willingness to fly over on a regular basis to discover, learn the ecosystem, and make the connections. Some startups do come to Boston on section Valley to look for investors, but I think the right way to do it is just to build connections by going there personally.”

Google co-founder Sergey actually made a similar statement recently, advising wannabe entrepreneurs to start their companies outside of Silicon Valley rather than in it. “During the boom cycles, the expectations around the costs---real estate, salaries----the expectation people and employees have---it can be hard to make a scrappy initial business that’s self-sustaining,” he said. “Whereas in other parts of the world, you might have an easier time for that.”

That Silicon Valley is better for raising capital; Faris proves that it doesn’t have to be a necessity.

71. What’s the article mainly about? ()

- A. People’s willingness to fund startups outside Silicon Valley.
- B. Fans of emerging ecosystem.
- C. Methods to raise more capital not in Silicon Valley.
- D. The best way for investor to find promising companies.

【答案】D。主旨题。在首段第二句话take a point of creating time to explore other entrepreneurial (企业的) hotbeds (温床)，也就是去寻找其他有发展前途的企业，选项 D 为它的同义替换，所以答案选 D。A 项表述错误，文段主要是讲投资对象发生了转变，并不是创立公司，排除；B 项：主体与原文主体不符，排除；C 项：不在硅谷融资的方法，不能概括全文，排除；故答案选 D。

72. According to the passage, which of the following is Not true? ()

- A. The author thinks that the right way to do look for investors is just to build connections by going there personally
- B. It takes work and the willingness to fly over on a regular basis to discover, learn the ecosystem, and make the connections
- C. Each ecosystem thinks in the same way
- D. Some startups come to Boston to look for investors

【答案】C。是非题。A 项可以对应到原文的第三段的最后一句话；B 项可对应到原文第二段的第二行；C 项根据原文第二段的 Each ecosystem thinks in different ways，可知 C 项表述与原文不符；D 项可对应到原文第三段的第三行；只有 C 项与原文表述不符，因此答案选 C。

73. According to paragraph two, why did Faris look for entrepreneurs outside Silicon Valley? ().

- A. Because so many investors paid attention to the same area.
- B. Because Silicon Valley no longer be fascinating and innovative.
- C. Because life in Silicon Valley was too hard to breathe fresh air.
- D. Because he found it interesting to get to know different ecosystem.

【答案】D。定位到第二段，由第一句 I'm a fan of emerging ecosystem that is not in a Valley.....where there's no frenzy 可知作者觉得 ecosystem 非常有趣、非常吸引人，所以答案选 D。A 项：“因为太多投资者集中在同一块区域”；B 项：“因为硅谷不再那么吸引人、不再那么有创新；C 项：“因为硅谷的生活太艰难，叫人窒息；ABC 选项均不符合题意，排除；故最后答案选 D。

74. How to build connections with companies outside Silicon Valley different? ()

- A. Discover and learn the knowledge of ecosystems aboard.
- B. Go to visit this newly started companies' personality.

C. Move to Boston Silicon Valley.

D. Do nothing until these start-ups come to look for investor.

【答案】B。细节题。如何与硅谷之外的公司取得联系？选项 A “在飞机上发现、学习生态系统的知识”，选项 B “亲自拜访这些新兴公司”，选项 C “搬到波士顿硅谷”，选项 D “什么都不做，就等着这些新兴公司自己找投资者”，通过选项排除 D，根据题意定位至第四段第二句话 the best way to.....is actually go there 可知，选项 B 正确。

75.Which may not be the reason for funding outside Silicon Valley according to Faris?

()

A. Easier to make an initial business that's self-sustaining.

B. Less expectations around costs.

C. More chances to raise capital.

D. More amazing business areas.

【答案】C。细节题。找原因，先定位关键词 funding outside Silicon Valley 至最后一段双引号中的内容 during the boom cycles, the expectation.....easier time for that 和最后一段内容，选项 A, B 和 D 排除。该题正确答案选 C。

Passage 7

What You Might Need to Know before Starting Your Own Business?

If you are interested in starting your own business, getting a college degree can aid in that process and propel you forward. International Business administration curriculum gives you a solid foundation on which to pursue your dream. Look at these three business majors for the skills needed to become an entrepreneur.

International Business

International trade practices, international marketing and international banking and finance and just a few of the subjects you will cover with a concentration in international business. Understanding global supply chains and operating dynamics is the key if you want to start an import or export company. Many manufactured goods are produced outside of the United States because the cost is cheaper for entrepreneurs, knowing which countries to have products produced in is important for building a fledging business into a force in the marketplace.

Accounting

By majoring in accounting, you learn how to prepare and interpret financial statements. This is an invaluable skill for owner because you have to steer your company in the right direction using your financial data. Many small business owners do their own book-keeping themselves, which saves them time and money that can be reinvested into the business. Understanding Margin, Cost of Goods Sold and Ledger Maintenance gives you a better chance of succeeding.

Management

As in a management major, you learn a wide variety of subjects that give you the tools to manage people in your business. Management is critical for entrepreneurs and can mean the difference between success and failure. Knowing how to deal with your employees and get them to work in unison is critical. Management classes teach you the nuances of everything from human resources and interpersonal communication.

These three college majors are ideal for those looking to become entrepreneurs and build a sustainable company contract with additional information on getting your degree and taking your first step toward starting your business.

76. According to the passage, what can assist those who want to start their business?

- A. skills of pursuing their dreams
- B. resources that can propel them forward
- C. college degree related to business administration
- D. people with business majors

【答案】C。细节题。问什么能帮助哪些想要开始创业的人。通过 start their business 定位到第一段第一句，If you are interested in starting your own business, getting a college degree can aid in that process and propel you forward. 可知选择 C 选项。A 选项，追逐梦想的技能；B 选项，能够推动他们的资源；C 选项，和商业管理有关的学位；D 选项，主修商业的人。

77. Which of the following subject will you learn if you major in international business?

- A. International Finance
- B. International Trade Practices
- C. International Marketing
- D. All of the above

【答案】D。细节题。问 International Business 专业会学哪些课程，定位到第二段，包括 International trade practices, international marketing and international banking and finance, 所以答案选择 D, 以上都是。

78.What's the benefit of learning accounting according to the passage?

- A. you can prepare all the statements by yourself
- B. you will definitely have more money to invest in your business
- C. you will be more likely to make a fortune
- D. you may use your financial data to direct your company

【答案】D。问到学习会计能带来什么好处，定位到第三段。A 选项，你可以自己准备所有的财务报表，Many small business owners do their own book-keeping themselves, 没说是全部的财务报表，错误；B 选项，一定会有更多钱可以投资到生意里，saves them time and money that can be reinvested into the business, 没表明一定，错误；C 选项，更有希望发财，原文说 gives you a better chance of succeeding, 只提到了成功没提到金钱，C 错误；D 选项，你可以利用金融数据来领导自己的公司，根据原文 you have to steer your company in the right direction using your financial data, 符合原文。

79.As a management major, you know ().

- A. the difference between success and failure
- B. how to deal with your potential customers
- C. the nuances of communication
- D. how to manage people in your business

【答案】D。细节题。作为一个管理专业的学生，你会理解（ ）。根据 management 定位倒数第二段。A 选项是成功与失败的区别，过于绝对化，排除；B 选项说如何和你的潜在客户打交道，原文没有提及；C 选项，说沟通中的细微差别；D 选项，如何在你的商业中去管理别人。根据倒数第二段 Knowing how to deal with your employees and get them to work in unison 可知 D 选项正确。

80.The writer of the passage is probably a(n) ().

- A. ambitious investor
- B. marketing staff
- C. experienced entrepreneur
- D. new undergraduate

【答案】C。本文作者可能是一个（ ）。作者在文章中提出建议，指明方向，表明作者更像一个有经验的创业者。A 选项，有野心的投资者；B 选项，市场员工；C 选项，有经验的创业者；D 选项，大学新生。

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